

Hinckley & Bosworth Borough Council A Borough to be proud of

FINANCE & PERFORMANCE SCRUTINY

17 July 2017

WARDS AFFECTED: All Wards

TREASURY MANAGEMENT QUARTER 1 2017/18

Report of Head of Finance

- 1. <u>PURPOSE OF REPORT</u>
- 1.1 To inform the Committee of the Council's Treasury Management activity in the first quarter of 2017/18.
- 2. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>
- 2.1 That the report be noted.
- 3. BACKGROUND TO THE REPORT
- 3.1 At its meeting in 23 February 2017 Council approved the Council's Treasury Management Policy for the year 2017/18 and delegated the oversight of the execution of the Policy to this Committee.

This report sets out the Treasury Management activities in 2017/18 and shows that they are in line with the limits set out in the Policy.

Treasury Management covers two main areas:-

- 1. The management of day to day cash flows by way of short term investing and borrowing. Longer term investment opportunities may arise depending on cash flow requirements.
- 2. Management of the Council's Long term debt portfolio which is used to finance capital expenditure that cannot be immediately funded by internal resources (e.g. by Capital Receipts).
- 3.2 Economic Background

During quarter ended 30 June 2017:

1. The economy lost some momentum.

- 2. Rising inflation started to dent household consumption.
- 3. The labour market continued to tighten but wages growth softened.
- 4. One MPC member voted for an increase in Bank Rate as CPI inflation exceeded the 2% target.
- 5. The Brexit process was started with the triggering of Article 50.

The latest forecasts are detailed in the table below:

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
	2018	2018	2018	2018	2019
Bank Rate	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.50%
5yr PWLB rate	1.70%	1.70%	1.80%	1.80%	1.90%
10yr PWLB rate	2.40%	2.40%	2.40%	2.50%	2.50%
25yr PWLB rate	3.00%	3.10%	3.10%	3.20%	3.20%
50yr PWLB rate	2.80%	2.90%	2.90%	3.00%	3.00%

3.3 Investment Activity

The Council's investment strategy primary objectives are safeguarding the repayment of the principal and interest of its investments on time, ensuring adequate liquidity, with the investment return being the final objective. If required, officers implement an operational strategy which tightens the controls already in place in the approved investment strategy. The Council's investment criterion was approved by Council in February 2017.

Funds for investment come from the following Sources

- a) Revenue Account Balances held by the Council
- b) Earmarked Reserves and Provisions
- c) Unapplied Capital Receipts
- d) Cash flow balances income received before expenditure needs to be incurred

Depending on the flow of cash (difference between income receipts and payments) the bank balance will vary. Where there is a surplus balance monies are invested. When there is a need for cash, investments are called in to ensure funds are not overdrawn. As at 30^{th} June 2017 the Council held the following investments totalling £18,171,400 Investments as at 30^{th} June are summarised below:-

Counterparty	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Amount	Interest Rate
HSBC Call MMF	30/06/2017	01/07/2017	£1,771,400	0.1800
Coventry BS	03/042017	03/07/2017	£900,000	0.2700
Hinckley & Rugby BS	20/04/2017	20/07/2017	£2,000,000	0.3300
Telford & Wrekin Council	25/04/2017	25/07/2017	£3,000,000	0.3900
Coventry BS	01/06/2017	01/09/2017	£4,000,000	0.2100
Skipton BS	08/06/2017	08/09/2017	£1,500,000	0.2000
Skipton BS	16/06/2017	15/09/2017	£1,000,000	0.2000

Nationwide BS	01/06/2017	02/10/2017	£2,000,000	0.2400
Nationwide BS	06/06/2017	06/10/2017	£1,000,000	0.2400
Nationwide BS	12/06/2017	12/10/2017	£1,000,000	0.2400
Total			£18,171,400	

Details of investments held from April 2017 to June 2017 are available on request.

Details of the weighted average investment to June 2017 are shown in the table below together with the average overnight, 7 day and 1 month London Inter Bank Bid (LIBID) as a bench mark to the rates received by the Council. The Council received a rate of return that is comparable with the returns available in the market. Additionally, the weighted average period is within the maximum set of 0.5 years. Average investments returns are higher than the comparable inter bank rate (a return of 0.26% compared against 0.13%).

Period	Weighted Average invested	Average period (days)	HBBC Average Return	Overnight LIBID	7 Day LIBID	1 Month LIBID
Apr to Jun 17	£6,650,552	17	0.2564	0.0982	0.1121	0.1288

3.4 Borrowing Activities

Long term borrowing to finance Capital Expenditure

Excluding the HRA self financing element the Council has a Capital Financing Requirement of £37.08m for the current year which arises from previous decisions to incur Capital Expenditure that was not financed immediately by internal resources e.g. Capital Receipts or Grants giving rise to the need to borrow to finance the expenditure. This borrowing requirement can either be met by long or short term external borrowing or by internal borrowing i.e. using the cash behind the authority's balances and reserves and foregoing investment income. At the present time the interest payable on long term borrowing is significantly greater than the returns the Council could expect on its investments and therefore the Council has adopted a policy of being "under-borrowed" by £28.78m with only £8.3m of long term loans on its books.

Additionally, as part of the Self Financing HRA Settlement £67.652m has been borrowed from PWLB. Repayment options have been discussed with members and were presented to the Executive on 13th March 2012. Repayments for principal amounts for these loans will commence in March 2020. The loan will be repaid in equal instalments of £2.9414m over 23 yrs.

3.5 <u>Short Term Borrowing</u>

There is no short term borrowing in this quarter.

4. <u>EXEMPTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION</u> <u>PROCEDURE RULES</u>

- 4.1 Report to be taken in open session.
- 5. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS [IB]

- 5.1 Any variations to budgets resulting from borrowing investing activities are reported within the Outturn position.
- 6. <u>LEGAL IMPLICATIONS [MR]</u>
- 6.1 There are no legal implications arising directly from this report.
- 7. CORPORATE PLAN IMPLICATIONS
- 7.1 This report supports the following Corporate Aims
 - Thriving Economy
- 8. <u>CONSULTATION</u>
- 8.1 None
- 9. <u>RISK IMPLICATIONS</u>
- 9.1 It is the Council's policy to proactively identify and manage significant risks which may prevent delivery of business objectives.
- 9.2 It is not possible to eliminate or manage all risks all of the time and risks will remain which have not been identified. However, it is the officer's opinion based on the information available, that the significant risks associated with this decision / project have been identified, assessed and that controls are in place to manage them effectively.
- 9.3 The following significant risks associated with this report / decisions were identified from this assessment:

Management of significant (Net Red) Risks				
Risk Description	Mitigating actions	Owner		
That the Council has insufficient resources to meet its aspirations and cannot set a balanced budget		A.Wilson		

10. KNOWING YOUR COMMUNITY – EQUALITY AND RURAL IMPLICATIONS

- 10.1 None
- 11. CORPORATE IMPLICATIONS
- 11.1 By submitting this report, the report author has taken the following into account:
 - Community Safety implications
 - Environmental implications
 - ICT implications

- Asset Management implications
- Procurement implications
- Human Resources implications
- Planning implications
- Data Protection implications
- Voluntary Sector

Background papers: Civica Reports Capita Reports

Contact Officer:Ilyas Bham, Accountancy Manager x5924Executive Member:Councillor M Hall